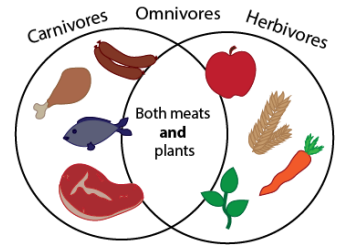


Teeth and Eating



Key Objectives

- To classify and identify different types of teeth and their functions.
- To recognise how and why we must take care of our teeth.
- To describe the functions of parts of the human digestive system.
- To recognise what a food chain represents.
- To construct and interpret a variety of food chains.
- To identify producers, predators and prey.
- To make observations and record findings using scientific language and labelled diagrams.

Key Vocabulary

| | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| molar | A tooth for grinding food at the back of the mouth. |
| incisor | A tooth for biting food, at the front of the mouth. |
| canine | A pointy tooth for gripping food. |
| enamel | The hard covering of the tooth. |
| decay | What happens when teeth aren't cared for properly. |
| digestion | Breaking down food. |
| oesophagus | The scientific name for the food pipe. |
| stomach | A bag of muscle used in the first part of digestion. |
| small and large intestine. | Small: The thin tube where broken down food is absorbed. Large: Absorbs water and stores undigested food. |
| carnivore | Animals such as lions whose main way of getting food is to kill and eat other animals. |
| herbivore | Animals such as cows that mainly eat plants. |
| omnivore | Animals, like you, that eat both plants and meat. |

Sticky Facts

- The oesophagus is the food highway that takes your food from your mouth down into your stomach so that digestion can begin.
- The stomach is filled with powerful acids that break down the food into smaller pieces. It also lets us know when we are hungry.
- The main job for the small intestine is to absorb nutrients and minerals from food. In fact, 90% of food absorption takes place here, making it our main digestion location.
- The outside of our teeth are covered with enamel and the inside have blood vessels and nerves.